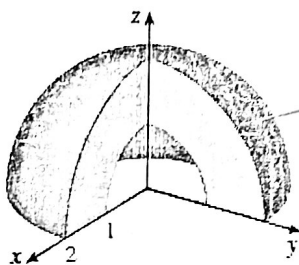
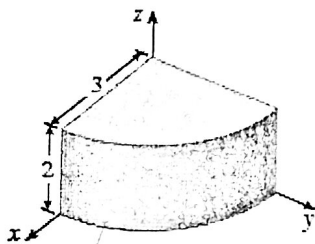


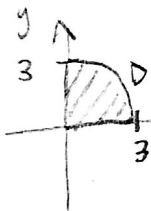
1. Set up the triple integral of an arbitrary continuous function  $f(x, y, z)$  in cylindrical or spherical coordinates over the solid shown:



$$E = \left\{ (r, \theta, \phi) : 1 \leq r \leq 2, \frac{\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq 2\pi, 0 \leq \phi \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$$

Triple Type I.

$$0 \leq z \leq 2$$



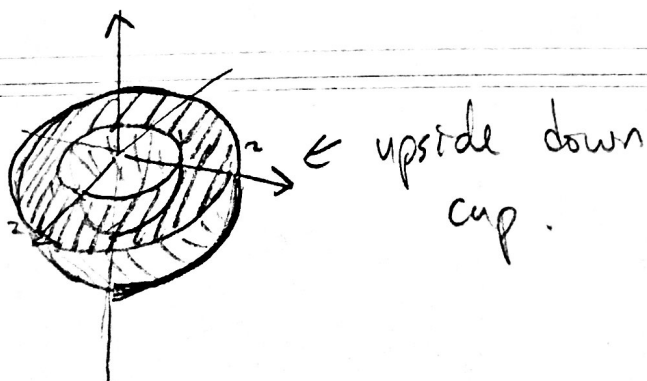
$$D = \left\{ (r, \theta) : 0 \leq r \leq 3, 0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^3 \int_0^2 f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta, z) r dz dr d\theta$$

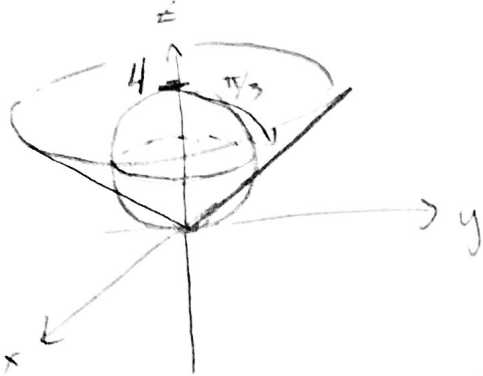
$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_{\pi/2}^{2\pi} \int_1^2 f(\rho \sin \phi \cos \theta, \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta, \rho \cos \phi) \rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\theta d\phi$$

2. Sketch the solid whose volume is given by the integral and evaluate the integral:  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \int_1^2 \rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\phi d\theta$ .

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \int_0^{2\pi} & \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} & \int_1^2 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi & \frac{\pi}{2} \leq \phi \leq \pi & 1 \leq \rho \leq 2 \\ & & \int dV \end{array}$$



3. Find the volume of the solid that lies above the cone  $\phi = \frac{\pi}{3}$  and below the sphere  $\rho = 4 \cos \phi$ .



$E =$  ice cream cone:  $\{(\rho, \theta, \phi) :$

$$0 \leq \rho \leq 4 \cos \phi$$

$$0 \leq \phi \leq \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/3} \int_0^{4 \cos \phi} dV$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/3} \int_0^{4 \cos \phi} \rho^2 \sin \phi \, d\rho \, d\phi \, d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/3} \left. \frac{\rho^3}{3} \sin \phi \right|_0^{4 \cos \phi} d\phi \, d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/3} \frac{64}{3} \cos^3 \phi \sin \phi \, d\phi \, d\theta = \frac{64}{3} \int_0^{2\pi} \left. -\frac{\cos^4 \phi}{4} \right|_0^{\pi/3} d\theta$$

4. Set up but do not evaluate  $\iiint_E y^2 dV$  where  $E$  is the solid hemisphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 9$  and  $y \geq 0$ .

$$= \frac{64}{12} \int_0^{2\pi} \left[ \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^4 - 1^4 \right] d\theta$$

$$= \left(\frac{16}{3}\right) \left(\frac{-15}{16}\right) [2\pi - 0]$$

$$= +5(2\pi) = \boxed{10\pi}$$